EXHIBIT

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF OKLAHOMA COUNTY STATE OF OKLAHOMA

CHECKERS TRUCK STOP, INC.,)	CJ - 2014 - 288 8
Plaintiff,) }	
versus	,	Case No.
SOUTHERN INSURANCE COMPANY, ED BERRONG INSURANCE AGENCY, IN and CHRIS MICHELS,	۲C.,)	FILED IN DISTRICT COURT OKLAHOMA COUNTY
and Cittab Witcheles)	MAY 192014
Defendants.)	TIM KHUDES COURT CLERK
PETIT	ION	43

COME NOW the Plaintiff, CHECKERS TRUCK STOP, INC. (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), and for its causes of action against Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE COMPANY, (hereinafter collectively referred to as "SOUTHERN INSURANCE"), and ED BERRONG INSURANCE AGENCY. INC. (hereinafter "ED BERRONG"), and CHRIS MICHELS (hereinafter "MICHELS"), hereby states as follows:

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- Plaintiff is situated in Oklahoma City. Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. Plaintiff has
 an insurable interest in the property located at 1901 E. Reno Avenue, Oklahoma
 City, Oklahoma 73117.
- Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas, and is an insurance company registered to engage in the business of insurance in the state of Oklahoma.
- Defendant, ED BERRONG, is an insurance agency incorporated under the laws of the State of Oklahoma, having its principal place of business in Oklahoma.

- 4. Defendant, MICHELS, upon information and belief, is licensed as an insurance adjuster in the state of Oklahoma. This cause of action arises out of Defendant's actions and/or inactions during the investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. This Defendant is an individual that was hired as an adjuster by one or more other Defendants herein.
- Plaintiff entered into a contract for insurance with Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE to provide coverage for its property and its contents. Plaintiff's insured property is located in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma.
- 6. Plaintiff purchased the policy of insurance through the offices of Defendant, ED BERRONG. At the time Plaintiff purchased the policy of insurance with Defendant SOUTHERN INSURANCE, the Defendant ED BERRONG was an agents and/or an ostensible agent of Defendant SOUTHERN INSURANCE.
- 7. Defendant, ED BERRONG, was familiar with Plaintiff and has served as Plaintiff's primary insurance agent for its insurance needs. Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, advised Plaintiff of the need to maintain replacement cost coverage on the property.
- 8. Plaintiff relied on Defendant, ED BERRONG'S, representations and purchased the same. Plaintiff trusted and believed Defendant, ED BERRONG, had the requisite insurance agent skills and expertise to properly procure the replacement cost insurance coverage Plaintiff requested.
- Thereafter Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, issued the Commercial policy of insurance, Policy CMP 5519937 04, to the Plaintiff.
- 10. Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, represented to the Plaintiff, directly and

through its agent, Defendant, ED BERRONG, that it would conduct itself in accordance with Oklahoma law and would fully and faithfully investigate and pay claims. Plaintiff relied on said representations.

- On or about May 31, 2013, the property insured by Plaintiff under the subject insurance policy was severely damaged as a direct result of a wind/hailstorm.
- 12. Plaintiff timely and properly submitted a claim to Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, for the property damage incurred due to the wind/hailstorm.
- 13. Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE confirmed that the cause of Plaintiff's property damage claim was due to wind/hailstorm and that the loss was covered under the terms and conditions of the insurance policy with Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE. Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE assigned a claim number of 08CPP0519754.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY

14. This suit is being brought, in part, under the Oklahoma Unfair Settlement Practices Act, Okla. Stat. Ann. §36-1250.5; and the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act, 15 Oka. Stat. §753.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION BREACH OF CONTRACT

- 15. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 14 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, alleges as follows:
- Plaintiff entered into a contract for insurance with Defendant, SOUTHERN
 INSURANCE, to provide coverage for the dwelling and personal property.
- 17. At all times material hereto, the policy of insurance, Policy No. CMP 5519937 04,

- was in full force and effect.
- Plaintiff provided timely and proper notice of its claim of property damage resultant from the May 31, 2013 wind/hailstorm.
- Plaintiff has complied with the terms and conditions and all conditions precedent under the policy of insurance.
- 20. This notwithstanding, the Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, has breached its contractual obligations under the terms and conditions of the insurance contract with Plaintiff by failing to pay Plaintiff all benefits owed.
- 21. As a result of the Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE's breach of contract the Plaintiffs have sustained financial losses, mental and emotional distress, and have been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
- 22. The conduct of Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and said conduct is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION BAD FAITH

- 23. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 22 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, and MICHELS. (sometimes referred to hereafter as the "DEFENDANTS"), alleges as follows:
- 24. Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, and MICHELS, owed a duty to Plaintiff to deal fairly and act in good faith.
- 25. Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, and MICHELS, breached their duty to

deal fairly and act in good faith by engaging in the following acts and/or omissions:

- a. Failing to pay the full and fair amount for the property damage sustained by Plaintiffs during the May 31, 2013 wind/hailstorm in accordance with the terms and conditions of the insurance poiley.
- Failing to pay all additional coverages due and owing to Plaintiff under the terms and conditions of the insurance policy
- c. Reducing the fair amount of Plaintiff's claims unfairly and without a valid basis.
- d. Violating the Unfair Claims Settlement Practices Act, 36 O.S. §§1250.1-1250.16 by wrongfully, intentionally and repeatedly withholding benefits and coverages due and owing to the Plaintiff under the terms and conditions of the insurance policy.
- e. Wrongfully, intentionally and repeatedly failing to communicate all coverages and benefits applicable to Plaintiff's claim.
- f. Forcing Plaintiff to obtain legal counsel to recover insurance benefits entitled to under the terms and conditions of the insurance contract.
- g. Failing to conduct a fair and objective investigation of the damage to Plaintiff's property.
- h. Intentionally engaging in an outcome oriented investigation.
- Intentionally engaging in a systematic scheme designed to save money otherwise due and owing to the Plaintiffs and other similarly situated insureds as a costsaving mechanism.

- 26. Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE'S, and MICHELS', obligations to the Plaintiff arise from both express written terms under the insurance policy and under the Oklahoma Insurance Code as well as implied obligations under Oklahoma law.
- 27. Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE'S, and MICHELS', failure to implement and/or follow the statutory impositions under the Oklahoma Insurance Code constitute bad faith.
- 28. Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE'S, and MICHELS', conduct is a material breach of the terms and conditions of the insurance contract entered into with the Plaintiff and constitutes bad faith.
- 29. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE'S, and MICHELS', unfair claims handling conduct, Plaintiff's claim was unnecessarily delayed, inadequately investigated, and wronfgully underpaid. Said actions resulted in additional profits and a financial windfall to Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, and MICHELS.
- 30. As a result of the Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE'S, and MICHELS', conduct the Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
- 31. The conduct of Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, and MICHELS, was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and said conduct is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

32. Plaintiff further alleges Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE enjoyed increased financial benefits and ill-gotten gains as a direct result of the intentional and wrongful conduct described above, which resulted in further damage to the Plaintiff.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

- 33. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 32 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:
- 34. Due to the unequal bargaining power between Plaintiff and Defendants, the quasipublic nature of insurance, and the potential for Defendants to unscrupiously exploit that power at a time when Plaintiff was most vulberable, a special relationship akin to that of a fiduciary duty exists between Plaintff and Defendants.
- 35. As a result of the special relationship, Defendants owed a fiduciary duty to their insured to act in a manner consistent with the best interests of their insureds.
- 36. A fiduciary duty existed between Plaintiff and Defendant, ED BERRONG. The overwhelming influence of Defendant, ED BERRONG, over Plaintiff, and Plaintiff's dependency and trust in their insurance agent, and Defendant, ED BERRONG'S, assurance it could procure the insurance policy Plaintiff requested creates a fiduciary status.
- 37. Given the specialized knowledge the Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, possessed with regard to the terms and conditions of the insurance policy, the Defendant. SOUTHERN INSURANCE'S duty to act reasonably created such a

- special relationship so as to make the Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, a fiduciary.
- The Defendants breached their fiduciary duties owed to the Plaintiff.
- 39. As a result of Defendants' breach of fiduciary duties, Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
- 40. The conduct of Defendants was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and said conduct is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION NEGLIGENCE IN THE PROCUREMENT OF INSURANCE

- 41. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 40 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:
- 42. Defendant, ED BERRONG, was familiar with Plaintiff and had been hired as Plaintiff's primary insurance agent for the property insurance needs. In this capacity, Defendant, ED BERRONG, advised Plaintiff of the need to purchase and maintain the more expensive replacement cost coverage so that its business dwelling and personal property would be replaced in the event of damage or destruction to their property by a covered loss.
- 43. Plaintiff relied upon Defendant, ED BERRONG'S, representations and annually purchased the suggested coverage by paying a higher premium each year.

- 44. Defendant, ED BERRONG, procured the subject replacement cost policy for Plaintiff.
- 45. At all times relevant hereto, the Defendant, ED BERRONG, was an agent and/or an ostensible agent of Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE,
- 46. Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, owed Plaintiff a duty to act in good faith and to exercise reasonable care, skill and diligence in the procurement of insurance for Plaintiff, and in the notification of insurance coverage options to the Plaintiff.
- Defendant, ED BERRONG, had a duty to inform Plaintiff of all coverages,
 benefits, limitations and exclusions in the coverage procured.
- 48. Defendant, ED BERRONG, breached its duty owed to Plaintiff and is liable to the Plaintiff because the insurance requested by Plaintiff was not procured as promised and Plaintiff suffered a loss.
- 49. Defendant, ED BERRONG, breached its duty owed to Plaintiff by:
- a. Procuring an insurance policy that did not serve to actually replace its property and personal property when it was damaged or destroyed by a covered loss.
- b. Procuring an insurance policy that did not accurately reflect the replacement cost of "taintiff's dwelling.
- c. Failing to inform Plaintiff of the limitations of the insurance policy procured for Plaintiff.
- 50. Defendant, ED BERRONG, was negligent and breached its duty owed to Plaintiff by failing to review the policy procured for Plaintiff to ensure it provided appropriate and adequate coverage.

- Plaintiff reasonably believed the insurance policy procured and maintained by Defendant, ED BERRONG, was in conformity to their agreement with Defendant, ED BERRONG.
- 52. Plaintiff relied upon Defendant, ED BERRONG, to procure and maintain appropriate and adequate coverage.
- 53. Defendant, ED BERRONG, knew or should have known Plaintiff relied upon it to procure appropriate and adequate coverage, and it is foreseeable that the failure to procure appropriate and adequate coverage for Plaintiff could unnecessarily expose Plaintiff to significant harm, losses and damages.
- 54. The Defendant, ED BERRONG, was an agent and/or an ostensible agent of Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, and Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE is vicariously liable for the conduct of Defendant, ED BERRONG.
- As a result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
- 56. The conduct of Defendants was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and said conduct is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION CONSTRUCTIVE FRAUD AND NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION

57. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs I through 56 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:

- 58. Defendant, ED BERRONG, had a duty to exercise reasonable diligence and skill in obtaining and notifying Plaintiff of Insurance coverage options.
- 59. Defendant, ED BERRONG, breached its duty to Plaintiff by misrepresenting to Plaintiff as follows:
- a. That the insurance procured was truly one of "replacement."
- b. That the amount of coverage procured, and for which premiums were paid, was equal to the estimated replacement cost of Plaintiff's property.
- c. That the amount of coverage procured would provide the coverage necessary for Plaintiff to replace its property in the event it was destroyed by a covered event.
- d. That the insurance policy procurred would comply with Plaintiff's reasonable expectations that the property would be restored to its pre-loss condition in the event of a covered loss.
- 60. That as a result of Defendant, ED BERRONG'S, breach of duty, Defendant, ED BERRONG, gained an advantage to the prejudice and detriment of Plaintiff.
- 61. Defendant, ED BERRONG, misrepresented the nature of the insurance policy procured for Plaintiff.
- 62. Defendant, ED BERRONG, misrepresented the policy as one which was necessary to provide appropriate and adequate coverage for Plaintiff's business property and personal property.
- 63. Defendant, ED BERRONG, misrepresented the policy was one which was in an amount necessary to replace Plaintiff's property in the event it was destroyed by a covered event.

- 64. Defendant, ED BERRONG'S, misrepresentations constitute constructive fraud.
- 65. Plaintiff was induced to accept and purchase the Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, policy of insurance by Defendant, ED BERRONG'S, misrepresentations and constructive fraud.
- 66. Plaintiff was misled by Defendant, ED BERRONG'S, misrepresentations and constructive fraud.
- 67. The Defendant, ED BERRONG, was an agent and/or an ostensible agent of Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE for purposes of these misrepresentations, and as such the Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE, is vicariously liable for the conduct of Defendant, ED BERRONG.
- 68. As a result of the Defendants' misrepresentations and constructive fraud, Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
- 69. Plaintiff is further entitled to reformation of the insurance contract to provide coverage consistent with the Defendant, ED BERRONG'S, misrepresentations.
- 70. The conduct of Defendants was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and/or was grossly negligence, and is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION NEGLIGENT UNDERWRITING

71. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 70 above as if fully plend herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:

- 72. At the time the insurance policy was sold to Plaintiff, Defendants were obligated to utilize reasonable valuation methodology to determine the costs which Defendants considered necessary to cover the replacement costs of Plaintiff's property. As such, Defendants were then prohibited from writing a policy for more insurance than they considered necessary to cover the replacement cost of Plaintiff's property as determined at the time the subject policy was written.
- 73. Thereafter, Defendants owed a duty to Plaintiff to exercise good faith, reasonable care, skill and expertise in the underwriting analysis to ensure the insurance policy provided appropriate and adequate coverage once the insurer-insured relationship was established.
- 74. Defendants breached their duties to Plaintiff to exercise good faith, reasonable care, skill and expertise in failing to establish an accurate and consistent methodology for calculating the replacement cost of Plaintiff's dwelling and/or personal property.
- 75. Defendants' breach resulted in both inconsistent and inaccurace replacement cost valuations whereby the Plaintiff paid premiums for policy limits that did not accurately reflect the risks insured.
- 76. Defendants further breached their duties by automatically applying Defendant, SOUTHERN INSURANCE's annual inflationary adjustments which were utilized to increase Plaintiff's policy limits and premiums without regard to whether or not the inflationary adjustment increase was necessary in relation to the dwelling's valuation at the time.

- 77. The conduct and inconsistencies referenced herein violate Defendants' duties of good faith and fair dealing implicit in the insurance contract with Plaintiff and other Oklahoma policyholders.
- 78. Defendants' obligations arise from both the express written terms of the policy and the Oklahoma Insurance Code and Defendants' failure to implement and/or follow Oklahoma's statutory Insurance Code also constitutes unfair claims handling.
- 79. Defendants' conduct referenced herein constitutes a breach of this duty of good faith and fair dealing which is inherent in all insurance contracts within the State of Oklahoma.
- 80. Defendants' failure to procure the proper insurance product morally and legally requires it to be held to a duty of reasonable care, and that the burden of the resulting liability for breach of this duty be imposed upon them. This duty exists to foreseeability of the harm to Plaintiff which could occur as a result of failure to unclerwrite or procure adequate and appropriate insurance; the procurement of inadequate and improper insurance is the direct cause of the harm and injury suffered by Plaintiff; and the moral blame for the failure to procure and uncerwrite the current policy lies with the Defendants.
- 81. Further, the burden on the Defendants of imposing a duty to exercise care in procuring and underwriting the correct insurance policy for the needs of the insured (with resulting liability for breach thereof) is minimal given the expertise are 'uneven bargaining power of the Defendants, and Defendants' representations of being an expert in the field of providing insurance to the general public, such as

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- 82. Pheintiff relied on Defendants to conduct an appropriate underwriting analysis to ensure and maintain an insurance policy which provided appropriate and adequate coverage.
- 83. Defendants breached their duties owed to Plaintiff by failing to conduct an appropriate underwriting analysis which resulted in issuing a policy of insurance to Plaintiff that did not provide appropriate and adequate coverage to Plaintiff.
- 84. As a result of the Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), excusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
- 85. The conduct of Defendants was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and/or was grossly negligence, and is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION VIOLATIONS OF OKLAHOMA CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

- 86. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 85 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:
- 87. Plaintiff brings forth each and every cause of action alleged above under the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act pursuant to its tie-in provision.
- 88. At all material times hereto, Plaintiff was a consumer who purchased insurance products and services from Defendant.
- 89. Defendant has violated the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act in the manners including, but not limited to, the following:

- (1) Representing that the agreement confers or involves rights, remedies, or obligations which it does not have, or involve, or which are prohibited by law;
- (2) Failing to disclose information concerning goods or services which was known at the time of the transaction when such failure to disclose such information was intended to induce the consumer into a transaction that the consumer would not have entered into had the information been disclosed;
- (3) Engaging in an unconscionable course of conduct.
- (4) At all material times hereto, Plaintiff was a consumer of insurance services or products of Defendant, and Plaintiff would show that Defendant's violations as set forth above, constitute a violation of the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act, causing Plaintiff damages.
- (5) By accepting insurance premiums but refusing without a reasonable basis to pay benefits due and owing, Defendant has engaged in an unconscionable action or course of action as prohibited by the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act, in that Defendant took advantage of Plaintiff's lack of knowledge, ability, experience, and capacity to a grossly unfair degree, that also resulted in a gross disparity between the consideration paid in the transaction and the value received.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION BREACH OF COMMON LAW DUTY OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING

90. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 89 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:

91. Defendants' conduct, as described above, constitutes a breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing owed to it's insured pursuant to the insurance contract.

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- Defendants' conduct, as described above, was in direct contradiction of the applicable industry standards of good faith and fair dealing.
- 93. Defendants' failure, as described above, to adequately and reasonable investigate, evaluate, and pay the benefits owed under the insurance contract, knowing full well through the exercise of reasonable diligence that its liability was reasonably clear, resulted in a breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, premises considered, the Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants, SOUTHERN INSURANCE COMPANY, and ED BERRONG AGENCY, INC., and CHRIS MICHELS, for:

- a. Payment of all contractual benefits for all coverages afforded to Plaintiff under the subject policy of insurance for damage to its dwelling and personal property caused by the May 31, 2013, wind/hail storm, together with interest on all amounts due;
- b. Disgargement of the incureased financial benefits derived by Defendants
 as a direct result of Defendants' wrongful or intentional, willful, malicious
 and/or reckless conduct;
- c. Actual and punitive damages each in an amount in excess of Ten
 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00); and

d. Attorneys' fees, costs and interest, including pre-judgment and postjudgment interest.

Respectfully submitted,

J. DREW HOUGHTON, OBA # 18080

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

ATTORNEYS' LIEN CLAIMED JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

